

## Properties:

Display Time : 3.00sec
Transition : No Transition
Navigation : No Action
Audio : None

## Objects:

- 1) Text Caption: Hazardous Materials & Waste
- 2) Button
- 3) Button
- 4) Button
- 5) Image :
- 6) Image:
- 7) Image :
- 8) Image:



## Properties:

Display Time : 30.00sec

Transition : No Transition

Navigation : No Action

Audio : None

## Objects:

1) Text Caption: This course does not use audio

2) Image: \AppData\Local\Temp\Clipboard4276600730272.BMP

3) Text Caption: Please allow 10 minutes to meaningfully participate in this course

4) Image: \Pictures\time.png



## Properties:

Display Time : 3.00sec

Transition : No Transition

Navigation : No Action

Audio : None

## Objects:

1) Text Caption: Objectives

This course will help you:

dispose of hazardous materials appropriately, and

report and respond to exposures and spills appropriately

2) Image: \Pictures\USP8000\Shutterstock Order\shutterstock\_787138900.png

3) Image: \Pictures\USP8000\shutterstock\_21903397\_borderless.png



## Properties:

Display Time : 3.00sec

Transition : No Transition

Navigation : No Action

Audio : None

## Objects:

1) Text Caption: Hazard Communication

Staff should refer to product labels to ensure they understand the hazards and warnings.

2) Image: \AppData\Local\Temp\Clipboard1678820070031.BMP



## Properties:

Display Time : 3.00sec
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Audio : None

# Objects:

1) Text Caption: Types of Waste

2) Image :3) Image :4) Image :5) Image :



#### Properties:

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#### Objects:

1) Text Caption: Yellow Waste

Yellow waste is generated during preparation and administration of hazardous drugs. In order to qualify as Yellow Waste, they must have only trace amounts of hazardous drug in or on them.

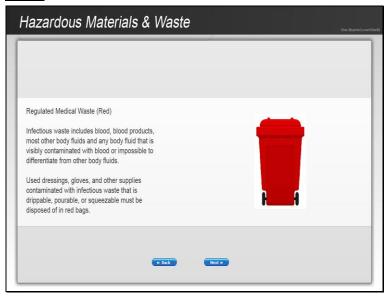
Examples of Yellow Waste include:

PPE and other barriers

Chemotherapy (Group 1) empty bags, vials, and IV tubing

Trace chemo sharps are disposed of in a yellow sharps container that is marked for disposal by incineration.

2) Image:



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#### Objects:

1) Text Caption : Regulated Medical Waste (Red)

Infectious waste includes blood, blood products, most other body fluids and any body fluid that is visibly contaminated with blood or impossible to differentiate from other body fluids.

Used dressings, gloves, and other supplies contaminated with infectious waste that is drippable, pourable, or squeezable must be disposed of in red bags.

2) Image:



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#### Objects:

1) Text Caption : Red waste should be bagged where it is generated and then transported to the soiled utility room.

Always tie red waste bags using a single knot, similar to tying a balloon.

Never use a two-handed knot, similar to tying a shoelace, as this leaves the bag partially open.

2) Image : \Pictures\good.jpg3) Image : \Pictures\x.png



## Properties:

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## Objects:

1) Text Caption : Dispose of all sharps in red containers designed for this purpose. This includes needles, syringes with needles attached, and broken ampules.

Intact vials are not considered sharps.

2) Image: \Pictures\USP8000\sharps.jpg



## Properties:

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## Objects:

1) Text Caption: Examples of Black Waste include:

warfarin and all other P-Listed black waste nicotine patches vaccines and eye drops containing thimerosol (mercury)

insulin

all partial chemotherapy (Group 1) IV bags and vials, as well as items used to clean up spills 2) Image :



## Properties:

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## Objects:

1) Text Caption : Some sites separate Blue Waste, such as:

non-hazardous medication open oral medication partial IV bags and vials

If your site does not use Blue Waste containers, these items are disposed of as Black Waste.

- 2) Image:
- 3) Image:



#### Properties:

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#### Objects:

1) Text Caption: Battery recycle pails will be kept in the soiled utility rooms or nurses station in patient areas.

The pail is labeled with a collection start date.

EVS will collect the pail when it is 3/4 full and no later than one year from the collection start date.

Staff should cover battery terminals with tape before placing them in the bucket. The bucket should remain covered.

2) Image: \AppData\Local\Temp\Clipboard5798021976703.PNG

3) Image : \Pictures\Picture1.jpg4) Image : \Pictures\Picture2.jpg



## Properties:

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Audio : None

## Objects:

1) Text Caption : When handling hazardous drug waste containers, staff must wear a single pair of chemotherapy gloves.

Hold the container away from your body when transporting it. Use a cart for heavier containers.

- 2) Image:
- 3) Image:
- 4) Image:
- 5) Image:



#### Properties:

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#### Objects:

1) Text Caption: Due to their high alcohol content, hand sanitizers (both gels and aerosols) and sani-cloth wipes are ignitable and require special handling.

Please try to use all excess liquid to clean a work surface to minimize the amount wasted.

These containers should be put in the Soiled Utility room where Environmental Services staff will pick them up for disposal.

2) Image: \Pictures\Stock Images\sanitizers.jpg



## Properties:

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## Objects:

1) Text Caption : While there are several types of medications and clinical items that require special handling, there are some items that can be disposed of in the regular trash.

These include: empty needle-less syringes most oral medication packages EKG electrodes

2) Image: \Pictures\Stock Images\trash can.jpg



## Properties:

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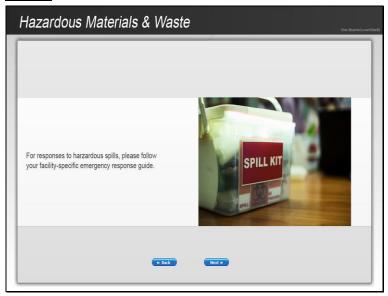
Navigation : No Action

Audio : None

## Objects:

1) Text Caption : Spill & Exposure Response

2) Image: \Pictures\USP8000\Shutterstock Order\shutterstock\_762174754.png



## Properties:

Display Time : 3.00sec

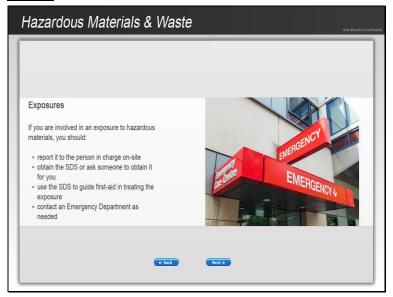
Transition : No Transition

Navigation : No Action

Audio : None

## Objects:

- 1) Text Caption : For responses to harzardous spills, please follow your facility-specific emergency response guide.
- 2) Image: \Pictures\USP8000\Shutterstock Order\shutterstock\_787138900.png



#### Properties:

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#### Objects:

1) Text Caption: Exposures

If you are involved in an exposure to hazardous materials, you should:

report it to the person in charge on-site obtain the SDS or ask someone to obtain it for you use the SDS to guide first-aid in treating the exposure contact an Emergency Department as needed

2) Image: \Pictures\USP8000\shutterstock\_227346088.png



### Properties:

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## Objects:

1) Text Caption: SafetyZone

All spills and exposures should be documented in SafetyZone.

This helps ensure this specific incident is resolved appropriately and provides information that can help prevent recurrence.

2) Image: \Pictures\Compliance\safetyzone.png



## Properties:

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## Objects:

1) Text Caption : Resources

## MSDS Online

Hazard Communication Program

Questions on the content of this training? Please contact John Norris (Environmental Services)

Questions on the functionality of this training? Please contact Organizational Learning & Development